1.1 The Limit of a Function (1.4) (now start taking notes!)

One-Sided Limits

$$\lim_{x\to a^{-}}f(x)$$

the limiting value of f(x) as x approaches "a" from the left (aka "left-hand limit")

$$\lim_{\mathsf{x} o a^+} f(\mathsf{x})$$

the limiting value of f(x) as x approaches "a" from the right

(aka "right-hand limit")

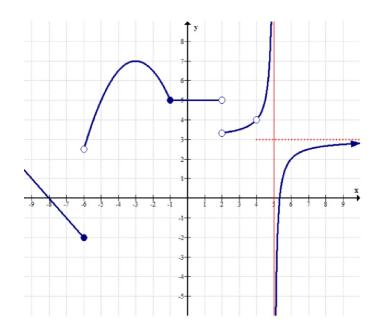
Two-Sided Limit

$$\lim_{x\to a} f(x)$$

- a the limiting value of f(x) as x approaches "a" from the left \underline{AND} the right
- if the left and right limits are different then lim f(x) does not exist
- ± ∞ are not considered "limiting values"

<u>Limits from a Graph:</u>

Eg.1 Evaluate the following limits from the graph of y=f(x) shown below:



$$\lim_{x \to -6^{-}} f(x) = \lim_{x \to -6^{+}} f(x) = \lim_{x \to -6} f(x)$$

$$\lim_{x \to -1^{-}} f(x) \qquad \lim_{x \to -1^{+}} f(x) \qquad \lim_{x \to -1} f(x)$$

$$\lim_{x\to 2^{-}} f(x) \qquad \lim_{x\to 2^{+}} f(x) \qquad \lim_{x\to 2} f(x)$$

$$\lim_{x\to 4^{-}} f(x) \qquad \lim_{x\to 4^{+}} f(x) \qquad \lim_{x\to 4} f(x)$$

$$\lim_{\mathsf{x}\to\mathsf{5}^{\scriptscriptstyle{-}}}f\left(\mathsf{x}\right) \qquad \lim_{\mathsf{x}\to\mathsf{5}^{\scriptscriptstyle{+}}}f\left(\mathsf{x}\right) \qquad \lim_{\mathsf{x}\to\mathsf{5}}f\left(\mathsf{x}\right)$$

Think About:

Can the limit at "a" exist even if the function does not exist at "a"?



yes. hole at x=a (x=4 above)

Is it possible for the function to exist at "a" but not the limit at "a"?

yes. piecewise that is discontinuous but defined at "a" (x=-6 above)

Can the limit at "a" be the same as the function value at a?

yes. function is continuous at "a".... the point (a, f(a)) is on the graph (x=-1 above)

Limits from Equations:

Eg. 2 Evaluate each limit. If the limit does not exist, explain why.

a)
$$\lim_{x\to 2} 3x^2 - 5x + 1$$
 b) $\lim_{x\to 3^+} \sqrt{x-3}$ c) $\lim_{x\to 2^-} \sqrt{x-2}$

b)
$$\lim_{x \to 3^{+}} \sqrt{x-3}$$

c)
$$\lim_{x \to 2^{-}} \sqrt{x-2}$$

d)
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \sqrt{x^2+5}$$

e)
$$\lim_{x\to 3} \frac{1}{2x-1}$$

f)
$$\lim_{x\to 7^{-}} -3x +1$$

g)
$$\lim_{x\to 5^+} \frac{1}{x-5}$$

h)
$$\lim_{x\to 5^{-}} \frac{1}{x-5}$$

i)
$$\lim_{x\to 5} \frac{1}{x-5}$$

Piecewise Functions

Eg. 3 Given y = g(x), evaluate the indicated limits.

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} 2x + 1, & x \le 2 \\ x^2 + 1, & 2 < x \le 5 \\ 5 - x, & x > 5 \end{cases}$$

a) $\lim_{x\to 2} g(x)$

b) $\lim_{x\to 5} g(x)$

Homework
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